

Safety Data Sheet CMR-613.W Crosslinker

according to Regulation (EU) 2015/830

02.06.20

Version: V-2020-001 HR 1000

SECTION 1

Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Last Revision:

1.1 Product identifier

CMR-613.W

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised

against

Relevant identified uses:

Corsslinker

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Distributor CMR Coatings GmbH

Address/POB Wilhelmstr. 8
IVR/ZIP/Place D-32602 Vlotho

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Department of MSDS <u>info@cmr-coatings.de</u>

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+49 (0) 57 33 - 96 35 - 260

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

This mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP].

STOT SE 3 / H335 Specific target organ toxicity May cause respiratory irritation.

(single exposure)

Skin Sens. 1 / H317 respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 flammable liquids Flammable liquid and vapour.

For the full text of the hazard statements listed in this section, see section 16.



2.2 Label elements





Code: GHS02 GHS07 Signal word: **Warning**

Hazard components for labelling

Hexamethylene-1 ,6-diisocyanate homopolymer Isophorone homopolymer

Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use Extinguishing powder or sand to extinguish.
P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Further hazard statements

none

Additional information for labelling

EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

The results of the PBT and vPvB assessment can be found in subsection 12.5.

SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

This product is a mixture.

3.2 Mixtures

Isocyanate hardener solution

Composition / information on ingredients

EC-No.	REACH-No.	
CAS-No.	Designation	Portion
INDEX-No.	Classification	
931-274-8	01-2119488934-20-0000	
28182-81-2	Hexamethylene-1 ,6-diisocyanate homopolymer	50-70%
	Acute Tox. 4 H332 / STOT SE 3 H335 / Skin Sens. 1 H317	

SDB-CMR-618-V-2020-001 2 / 15 Version: 02.06.2020 Druck/Print: 26.01.2021



203-933-3	01-2119475112-47	
112-07-2	2-butoxyethyl acetate	25-35%
607-038-00-2	Acute Tox. 4 H332 / Acute Tox. 4 H312	
931-213-3	01-2119488734-24	
53880-05-0	Isophorone homopolymer	12,5-15%
	STOT SE 3 H335 / Skin Sens. 1 H317	
204-658-1	01-2119485493-29	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5-7%
607-025-00-1	Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / STOT SE 3 H336	

The wording of the classification codes is in section 16.

SECTION 4 First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical

advice. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth,

place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

If inhaled Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case

of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial

respiration.

Skin contact Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. After contact

with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap.

Do not use solvents or thinners.

Eye contact Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.

If swallowed If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious).

Seek medical advice immediately. Keep victim calm. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SDB-CMR-618-V-2020-001 3 / 15 Version: 02.06.2020 Druck/Print: 26.01.2021



SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, Powder, spray mist, (water).

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Strong water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Provide a conveniently located respiratory protective device. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire. Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground or waterways. Treat runoff as hazardous.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours. See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Isolate leaked material using non-flammable absorption agent (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculit, diatomaceous earth) and collect it for disposal in appropriate containers in accordance with the local regulations (see chapter 13). Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Fouled surfaces must be immediately cleaned with suitable solvents, Useable as such (flammable): water 45 vol.% ethanol or i-propanol 50 vol. % ammonia solution (density= 0.88) 5 vol.%

Alternative (non-flammable): sodium carbonate 5 vol.% water 95 vol.%.

Take up spilled residuals with the same agent and leave them for a few days in unclosed containers until there is no further reaction. Then, close the containers and dispose of them in accordance with the regulations for waste removal (refer to chapter 13).

6.4 Reference to other sections

Observe protective provisions (see chapter 7 and 8).



SECTION 7 Handling and storage

People who suffer from skin sensitazion problems, asthma, allergies, chronic or recurring respiratory illnesses should not be deployed in any process using this preparation.

People who spray this preparation should have regular pulmonary function tests.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advices on safe handling

Avoid formation of flammable and explosive vapour concentrations in the air and exceeding the exposure limit values. Only use the material in places where open light, fire and other flammable sources can be kept away. Electrical equipment must be protected meeting the accepted standard.

Product may become electrostatically charged. Provide earthing of containers, equipment, pumps and ventilation facilities. Anti-static clothing including shoes are recommended. Floors must be electrically conductive. Be careful when opening used containers (excess pressure). Precautionary measures should be taken in order to reduce strain from humidity or water: CO2 is formed which may produce excess pressure in closed containers. Keep away from heat sources, sparks and open flames. Use only spark proof tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not inhale dusts, particulates and spray mist when using this preparation. Avoid respiration of swarf. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Personal protection equipment: refer to chapter 8. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Always keep in containers that correspond to the material of the original container. Follow the legal protection and safety regulations.

Precautions against fire and explosion:

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO). Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks. Soils have to conform to the "Guidelines for avoidance of ignition hazards due to electrostatic charges (TRBS 2153)".

Hints on joint storage

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers.

Keep away from amines, alcohols and water.

Further information on storage conditions

Take care of instructions on label. Store in a well-ventilated and dry room at temperatures between 15 °C and 30 °C. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Remove all sources of ignition. Keep container tightly closed. Remove all sources of ignition. Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

Storage class

(VCI concept for the joint storage of chemicals):

3

7.3 Specific end uses

Observe technical data sheet. Observe instructions for use.

SDB-CMR-618-V-2020-001 5 / 15 Version: 02.06.2020 Druck/Print: 26.01.2021



SECTION 8

Exposure controls/personal protection

People who suffer from skin sensitazion problems, asthma, allergies, chronic or recurring respiratory illnesses should not be deployed in any process using this preparation. People who spray this preparation should have regular pulmonary function tests.

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters (2000/39/EC)

2-butoxyethyl acetate		
INDEX-No. 607-038-00-2 / EG-No. 203-933-3 / CAS-No. 112-07-2		
TWA:	133 mg/m ³	20 ppm
STEL:	333 mg/m³	50 ppm
Remark: Skin	May be absorbed through the skin.	

n-butyl acetate		
INDEX-No. 607-025-00-1 / EG-No. 204-658-1 / CAS-No. 123-86-4		
TWA:	241 mg/m³	50 ppm
STEL:	723 mg/m³	150 ppm
Remark: Skin	May be absorbed through the skin.	

Components with workplace control parameters

(TRGS 900 Germany)

2-butoxyethyl acetal	te	
INDEX-No. 607-038-00-2 / EG-No. 203-933-3 / CAS-No. 112-07-2		
AGW	65 mg/m²	10 ppm
Peak limit	2 (I)	
Remarks		EU, DFG, H, Y, 11

n-butyl acetate		
INDEX-No. 607-025-00-1 / EG-No. 204-658-1 / CAS-No. 123-86-4		
AGW	300 mg/m ²	62 ppm
Peak limit	2 (I)	
Remarks		AGS, Y

Components with biological limit values (TRGS 903 Germany)

2-butoxyethyl acetate		
INDEX-No. 607-038-00-2 / EG-No. 203-933-3 / CAS-No. 112-07-2		
Parameter:	Butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis)	
BGW:	150 mg/g creatinine	
Specimen:	U	
Sampling time:	b, c	
Definition of reasons:	11/2016 DFG	

DNEL:

none

SDB-CMR-618-V-2020-001 6 / 15 Version: 02.06.2020 Druck/Print: 26.01.2021



PNEC:

none

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. When spraying, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. For other tasks a suitable respiratory system must be used, if local and room suction is not sufficient for keeping aerosol and solvent vapour concentration below the exposure limit values. (refer to Personal protection equipment.)

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

If concentration of solvents is beyond the occupational exposure limit values, approved and suitable respiratory protection must be used. Observe the wear time limits according GefStoffV in combination with the rules for using respiratory protection apparatus (BGR 190). Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number.

Eye protection

Wear closely fitting protective glasses in case of splashes.

Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated handling the following gloves must be used:

Material: impermeable material

Breakthrough time: >= 480 minGlove thickness: > 0.4 mm

Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin. Recommended glove articles DIN EN 374.

Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact.

Body Protection

Wear antistatic clothing of natural fibers (cotton) or heat resistant synthetic fibers.

Protective Measures

After contact clean skin thoroughly with water and soap or use appropriate cleanser.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. See chapter 7. No additional measures necessary.

8.3 Environmental exposure controls

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow the product to enter waters. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SDB-CMR-618-V-2020-001 7 / 15 Version: 02.06.2020 Druck/Print: 26.01.2021



SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Method:

Aggregate state: liquid Colour: clear

Odour: characteristic

Melting point/freezing point: Not available.

Initial boiling point/boiling range: 127 °C n-butyl acetate
Flash point: 27 °C DIN 53213

Flammability: Not applicable

Ignition temperature: 280 °C 2-butoxyethyl acetate

Auto flammability: Not available.

Oxidising properties: Not available.

Explosive properties: Not available.

Explosion limits: lower 1,6 Vol-%

upper 8,4 Vol-%

insoluble

Water solubility: $(T = 20 \, ^{\circ}C)$

Vapour pressure: $(T = 20 \, ^{\circ}C)$ 0,7 mbar

Vapour density (air = 1):

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):

Not available.

Not available.

Solids content 65-70 weight-% Density: $(T = 20 \, ^{\circ}C)$ 1,07 g/cm³

pH value: (T = 20 °C) Not applicable

Viscosity (Dynamic): (T = 25 °C) 1400 mPas

Separation of solvent: < 3 % ADR/ RID

Content of solvents: Not available.

Organic solvents: 30-35 weight-% Water: 0 weight-%

Evaporation rate: Not available.

9.2 Other information

No data available.

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Reacts with water, forming carbon dioxide, producing bursting hazard in closed containers due to build-up of pressure.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to chapter 7.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing agents to avoid exothermic reactions. Reacts with water, forming carbon dioxide, producing bursting hazard in closed containers due to build-up of pressure.



10.4 Conditions to avoid

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to chapter 7. Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures.

10.5 Incompatible materials

No data available.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures, e.g.: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, nitrogen oxides.

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Mixture

No data available.

Components

No data available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Mixture

No data available.

Components

No data available.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Mixture

No data available.

Components

No data available.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Mixture

No data available.

Components

No data available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Mixture

No data available.

Components

No data available.

SDB-CMR-618-V-2020-001 9 / 15 Version: 02.06.2020 Druck/Print: 26.01.2021



Carcinogenicity

Mixture

No data available.

Components

No data available.

Reproductive toxicity

Mixture

No data available.

Components

No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Mixture

Toxicological data are not available.

Components

Toxicological data are not available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Mixture

Toxicological data are not available.

Components

Toxicological data are not available.

Aspiration hazard

Mixture

Toxicological data are not available.

Components

Toxicological data are not available.

Other information

No data available.

11.2 Additional information

Practical experience/human evidence

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are:

headache, dizziness, fatigue, amyosthenia, drowsiness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye irritation and reversible damage.

Because of the isocyanate components' properties of this and with consideration of similar preparations the following applies: Preparation may cause acute irrtation and/or sensitization of airways which lead to tightness in thorax, short-breath and asthmatic complaints. After sensitization even concentrations below the exposure limit values may cause asthma. Repeated inhaling can lead to permanent illness of the respiratory tract.

SDB-CMR-618-V-2020-001 10 / 15 Version: 02.06.2020 Druck/Print: 26.01.2021



Overall Assessment on CMR properties

The ingredients in this preparation do not meet the criteria for classification as CMR category 1 or 2 according to 67/548/EEC.

Remark

There is no information available on the preparation itself. The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and classified according to the toxicological dangers. See chapters 2 and 15 for details.

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Overall evaluation

There is no information available on the preparation itself .

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

12.1 Toxicity

No data available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the available statements the criteria are not fulfilled for the classification

12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Appropriate disposal / Product

Recommendation

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste.

List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC

080111* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances *Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC (waste framework directive).



Appropriate disposal / Package

Recommendation

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Vessels not properly emptied are special waste.

SECTION 14 Transport information

14.1 UN number

Not applicable.

14.2 Proper shipping name

Land transport (ADR/RID):PaintSea transport (IMDG):PaintAir transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR):Paint

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

3

14.4 Packing group

Ш

14.5 Environmental hazards

Labelling of environmentally dangerous substances

ADR/RID / IMDG / IATA Not applicable.

Marine Pollutant Not applicable.

14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport always in closed, upright and safe containers. Make sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of an accident or leakage.

Advices on safe handling: see parts 6 - 8

Additional information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

tunnel restriction code D/E

Sea transport (IMDG)

EmS-No. F-E, S-E

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and

the IBC Code

Not applicable.



SECTION 15 Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation

Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions VOC-value (in g/L):

353

National regulations

Restrictions of occupation

Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

Observe restrictions to employment for juvenils according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

For the following substances of this preparation a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

EC-No.	REACH-No.
CAS-No.	Designation
INDEX-No.	
931-274-8	01-2119488934-20-0000
28182-81-2	Hexamethylene-1 ,6-diisocyanate homopolymer
203-933-3	01-2119475112-47
112-07-2	2-butoxyethyl acetate
607-038-00-2	
204-658-1	01-2119485493-29
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate

SDB-CMR-618-V-2020-001 13 / 15 Version: 02.06.2020 Druck/Print: 26.01.2021



SECTION 16 Other information

The wording of the classification codes of section 3

Acute Tox. 4; H312 Acute toxicity (dermal) Harmful in contact with skin.

Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute toxicity (inhalative) Harmful if inhaled.

Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Flammable liquid Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Sens. 1; H317 Skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT SE 3; H335 Specific target organ toxicity May cause respiratory irritation.

(single exposure)

STOT SE 3; H336 Specific target organ toxicity May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

(single exposure)

The classification codes only apply to the pure substances and do not declare necessarily the classification of the mixture. The classification and the labelling of the mixture are specified in section 2.

Abbreviations

(11) Sum of vapor and aerosols.

(12) Usually the Occupational exposure limit applies only for the monomers. For the

evaluation of oligomers and polymers see TRGS 430 "Isocyanates"

(I) Substances for which the local effect determines the limit value or substances that

sensitize the respiratory tract

= = Instantaneous value

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

AGS Committee for hazardous substances.
AGW Occupational exposure limit value.
b End of exposure or end of shift

c Long-term exposure: at the end of the shift after several previous shifts

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures

CMR Cancerogenic Mutagenic Reprotoxic

DFG German Research Council (Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits).

DNEL Derived no-effect level

EAKV European Waste Catalogue Directive

EC European Community

EC-No. Registration number of the "European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances"

(EINECS)

EU European Union.

EWG European Economic Community

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Chemicals

H Risk of absorption through the skin.

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC-Code International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous

Chemicals in Bulk

ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization

IMDG International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships

PBT Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic.
PNEC predicted no effect concentration

REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council

regarding the registration, evaluation, authorisation and restriction of chemicals



RID Convention concerning International Carriage by Rail

Sa In the case of substances marked with "Sa", the induction of an allergy

(sensitization) and the triggering of an allergic reaction in the airways cannot be ruled out, even if the AGW (including the short-term value) is complied with - unless a limit value from the point of view of Freedom from symptoms has been established. The marking "(Sa)" must then be selected

EU workplace limit values for a reference period of 15 minutes

(Short-term exposure limit)

TRGS Technical regulation for dangerous substances.

TWA EU workplace limit values for a reference period of 8 hours

(Time-weighted-average)

U Urine

UN United Nations

VCI Association of the chemical industry

VOC Volatile organic compounds

vPvB Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.

WGK Water hazard class.

Y No harm to the unborn child, if values of AGW and BGW are kept.

Additional information

STEL

The information supplied on this safety data sheet complies with our current level of knowledge as well as with national and EU regulations. Without written approval, the product must not be used for purposes different from those mentioned in chapter 1.

It is always the user's duty to take any necessary measures for meeting the requirements laid down by local rules and regulations. The details in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and are not to be regarded as guaranteed attributes of the product.

We exclude each liability for damages, that can appear in improper intercourse or contact with these chemicals.

This security data sheet replaces all previous editions. Validly from edition date.

Date of last revision / Version: 02.06.2020 V-2020-001